## **PreCal Homework 1.1 Worksheet**

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## **True False Questions**

Indicate True or False for the following Statements.

- 1. Determine if the following set of points is a function or not a function.  $\{(5,7),(3,7),(5,8),(8,1)\}\$  (True/False)
- 2. The graph of the equation  $y = 2x^3 2x$  is symmetric about the origin and its x-intercepts are located at  $(\pm 1,0)$  and (0,0). (True/False)

## **Multiple Choice Questions**

For each question, four alternative choices are given, of which only one is correct. You have to select the correct alternative and mark it in the appropriate option.

- 3. Convert the following description of numbers into interval notation. Every number between -1 and 1 including -1 but not 1.
  - a. (1,1]b. [-1,1)c. [-1,-1)
  - d. (-1,2]
- 4. Find the domain and range of the graph below.
  - a. Domain:  $x \in [-\infty, \infty)$ ; Range:  $y \in (-3, 2]$
  - b. Domain:  $x \in [-\infty, -\infty)$ ; Range:  $y \in (-2, 1]$
  - c. Domain:  $x \in (-\infty, \infty)$ ; Range:  $y \in [-1, 1]$
  - d. Domain :  $x \in [\infty, \infty)$ ; Range :  $y \in (-2, 2]$
- 5. Is the graph of the equation  $y^2=28-x^3$  symmetric with respect to the y-axis?
  - a. No, because when you substitute -x for x, the equation has changed.
  - b. No, because all cubic equations are nonsymmetrical.
  - c. Yes, because when you substitute –y for y, the equation does not change.
  - d. Yes, because all cubic equations are symmetric with respect to the y-axis.
- 6. Is the function  $f(x)=4x^3-5x^2-4x+2$  even ,odd or neither?
  - a. neither
  - b. odd
  - c. even
- 7. Which equation has a graph that is NOT symmetric with respect to the y-axis?

$$\int_{c.}^{\frac{x^2}{2}} + \frac{y^2}{1} = 1$$

$$\int_{d.}^{d.} x^2 + (y - 3)^2 = 1$$

- 8. Is the function f(x)=13 even, odd or neither?
  - a. even
  - b. odd
  - c. neither
- 9. WITHOUT using a graphing device, find the x- and y-intercepts of the graph of

$$(x-3)^2 - (y-2)^2 = 5$$

- a. no x-intercepts y-intercepts- (0, 0); (1, 0)
- b. x-intercepts-(0, 0); (6, 0) y-intercepts (0, 0); (0, 4)
- c. x-intercepts-(1, 0); (0, 0); (0, 0) no y-intercepts
- d. x-intercepts-(0, 0); (6, 0) y-intercepts-(0, 0)
- e. x-intercepts- (0, 0); (1, 0) y intercepts- (0, 4)
- 10. Find the points where x-intercepts of the curve  $y = 2x^3 + 5x^2 + x 2$  are located.

  - a.  $\left(\frac{1}{2},0\right)$ , (1,0) and (-2,0)b.  $\left(-\frac{1}{2},0\right)$ , (1,0) and (-2,0)c.  $\left(\frac{1}{2},0\right)$ , (-1,0) and (-2,0)
  - d. None of the above